

DIRTT[®]

Planet MicroCap Discussion Materials

TSX: DRT

OTCQX: DRTTF

June 2026



Advisory

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements contained in this presentation (this “presentation”) are “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of “safe harbor” provisions of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act") and “forward-looking information” within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities laws. All statements, other than statements of historical fact included in this presentation, regarding without limitation our strategy, future operations, financial position, estimated revenues and losses, projected costs, prospects, plans and objectives of management are forward-looking statements. When used in this presentation, the words “anticipate,” “believe,” “expect,” “estimate,” “intend,” “plan,” “project,” “outlook,” “may,” “will,” “should,” “would,” “could,” “can,” "continue," the negatives thereof, variations thereon and other similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain such identifying words. Forward-looking statements are based on certain estimates, beliefs, expectations and assumptions made in light of management’s experience and perception of historical trends, current conditions and expected future developments, as well as other factors that may be appropriate.

Forward-looking statements necessarily involve unknown risks and uncertainties, which could cause actual results or outcomes to differ materially from those contained in or expressed or implied by such statements. Due to the risks, uncertainties and assumptions inherent in forward-looking information, you should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. Factors that could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition,

results of operations and growth prospects include, but are not limited to: the effects of tariffs or other trade barriers on exports or imports to and from Canada and the U.S., retaliatory measures in response thereto, including potential increases in the cost of our raw materials and our finished goods, and our ability to mitigate such effects and timing thereof; general economic and business conditions in the jurisdictions in which we operate, including potential recession risks in North America; our ability to successfully implement the Company’s strategic transformation plan to grow DIRTT’s revenue and pipeline and manage profitability; our ability to expand our market share through our Construction Services team (previously referred to as Integrated Solutions) and other strategic initiatives and the effects thereof; inflation and material fluctuations of commodity prices, including raw materials, and our ability to set prices for our products that satisfactorily adjust for inflation, tariffs, and fluctuations in commodity prices; shortages of supplies of certain key components and materials or disruption in supplies due to global events; global economic, political and social conditions affecting financial markets, such as fluctuating tariff policy, evolving multi-state trade and security alliances, and the war in Ukraine and the conflicts in the Middle East; volatility of our share price and potentially limited liquidity for U.S. investors due to our common shares being quoted on the OTCQX; the availability of capital or financing on acceptable terms, or at all, which may impact our liquidity and impair our ability to make investments in the business; turnover of our key executives and difficulties in recruiting or retaining key employees; our ability to generate sufficient revenue to achieve and sustain profitability and positive cash flows; our ability to attract, train and retain qualified hourly labor on a timely basis to increase overall productive capacity in our manufacturing facilities to enable us to capture any rising demand in the construction industry; our ability to achieve and manage growth effectively; competition in the interior construction industry; the voting influence our three largest shareholders are able to exercise over the Company due to

their ownership of our common shares; competitive behaviors by our co-founders and former executives; the condition and changing trends of the overall construction industry; our reliance on our network of construction partners for sales, marketing and installation of our solutions; our ability to introduce new designs, solutions and technology and gain client and market acceptance; defects in our designing and manufacturing software and warranty and product liability claims brought against us; the effectiveness of our manufacturing processes and our success in implementing improvements to those processes; the effectiveness of certain elements of our administrative systems and the need for investment in those systems; our exposure to currency exchange rates, tax rates, interest rates and other fluctuations, including those resulting from changes in laws or administrative practice, or changes in monetary policies; legal and regulatory proceedings brought against us; infringement on our patents and other intellectual property and our ability to protect and enforce our intellectual property rights, including certain intellectual property rights that are jointly owned with a third party; cyber-attacks and other security breaches of our information and technology systems; damage to our information technology and software systems; our requirements to comply with applicable environmental, health, safety and other similar laws; the impact of environmental, social and governance (“ESG”) matters on our business, including potentially incurring additional expenses implementing Canadian, U.S. and other regulations requiring additional disclosures regarding greenhouse gas emissions and/or broader ESG related-factors; periodic fluctuations in our results of operations and financial conditions; the effect of being governed by the corporate laws of a foreign country, including the difficulty of enforcing civil liabilities against directors and officers residing in a foreign country; the availability and treatment of government subsidies (including any current or future requirements to repay or return such subsidies); future mergers, acquisitions, agreements, consolidations or other

corporate transactions we may engage in; and other risks described under the section titled “Risk Factors” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025 as may be updated by our subsequently filed Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) and other filings with the SEC and applicable securities commissions or similar regulatory authorities in Canada.

These risks are not exhaustive. New risk factors emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for our management to predict all risk factors or assess the effects of all factors on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in, or expressed or implied by, any forward-looking statements. Our past results of operations are not necessarily indicative of our future results. You should not place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements, which represent our beliefs, assumptions and estimates only as of the dates on which they were made, as predictions of future events. We undertake no obligation to update these forward-looking statements, even though circumstances may change in the future, except as required under applicable securities laws. We qualify all of our forward-looking statements by these cautionary statements.

CURRENCY AND PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Unless otherwise indicated, all financial information relating to the Company in this Presentation has been prepared in U.S. dollars using accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“GAAP”) and the rules and regulations of the SEC.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

NOTE REGARDING USE OF NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

Our condensed consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with GAAP. These GAAP financial statements include non-cash charges and other charges and benefits that we believe are unusual or infrequent in nature or that we believe may make comparisons to our prior or future performance difficult.

As a result, we also provide financial information in this presentation that is not prepared in accordance with GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to the information prepared in accordance with GAAP. Management uses these non-GAAP financial measures in its review and evaluation of the financial performance of the Company. We believe that these non-GAAP financial measures also provide additional insight to investors and securities analysts as supplemental information to our GAAP results and as a basis to compare our financial performance period-over-period and to compare our financial performance with that of other companies. We believe that these non-GAAP financial measures facilitate comparisons of our core operating results from period to period and to other companies by removing the effects of our capital structure (net interest income on cash deposits, interest expense on outstanding debt and debt facilities, or foreign exchange movements), asset base (depreciation and amortization), tax consequences, reorganization expense, unusual or infrequent charges or

gains (such as gain on extinguishment of debt, impairment charges, legal provision, loss on disposal of lease, Phoenix sublease write-off), and stock-based compensation. We remove the impact of foreign exchange gain (loss) from Adjusted EBITDA. Foreign exchange gains and losses can vary significantly period-to-period due to the impact of changes in the U.S. and Canadian dollar exchange rates on foreign currency denominated monetary items on the balance sheet and are not reflective of the underlying operations of the Company. In periods where production levels are abnormally low, unallocated overheads are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred. In addition, management bases certain forward-looking estimates and budgets on non-GAAP financial measures, primarily Adjusted EBITDA. We have not reconciled forward-looking non-GAAP measures, including Adjusted EBITDA guidance, to its corresponding GAAP measures due to a high variability and difficulty in making accurate forecasts and projections, particularly with respect to non-operating income and expenditures, which are difficult to predict and subject to change. Accordingly, we are unable to provide a full reconciliation of the non-GAAP measures used in our guidance without unreasonable efforts.

Depreciation and amortization, stock-based compensation expense, reorganization expense, foreign exchange gains and losses, gain on extinguishment of debt, impairment charges, net interest income on cash deposits, interest

expense on outstanding debt and debt facilities, legal provision, Phoenix sublease write-off, and tax are excluded from our non-GAAP financial measures because management considers them to be outside of the Company's core operating results, even though some of those receipts and expenses may recur, and because management believes that each of these items can distort the trends associated with the Company's ongoing performance. We believe that excluding these receipts and expenses provides investors and management with greater visibility to the underlying performance of the business operations, enhances consistency and comparativeness with results in prior periods that do not, or future periods that may not, include such items, and facilitates comparison with the results of other companies in our industry.

Adjusted Gross Profit, Adjusted Gross Profit Margin, EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are presented in this presentation. More information on each such non-GAAP financial measure, including a reconciliation to the most directly comparable financial measures under GAAP for the respective period, can be found under the heading "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" in the Company's management discussion and analysis for the applicable period, each of which is available on the Company's SEDAR+ profile at www.sedarplus.ca and EDGAR profile at www.SEC.gov, and each such reconciliation is incorporated by reference herein. In addition to the

foregoing non-GAAP measures. Net Leverage, a non-GAAP financial ratio, is included in this presentation, Net Leverage equals gross funded debt less unrestricted cash divided by Adjusted EBITDA. Gross funded debt equals total principal outstanding of each of the January Debentures, December Debentures, Canadian Equipment Facilities, and US Equipment Facilities.

You should carefully evaluate these non-GAAP financial measures, the adjustments included in them, and the reasons we consider them appropriate for analysis supplemental to our GAAP information. Each of these non-GAAP financial measures has important limitations as an analytical tool due to exclusion of some but not all items that affect the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures. You should not consider any of these non-GAAP financial measures in isolation or as substitutes for an analysis of our results as reported under GAAP. You should also be aware that we may recognize income or incur expenses in the future that are the same as, or similar to, some of the adjustments in these non-GAAP financial measures. Because these non-GAAP financial measures may be defined differently by other companies in our industry, our definitions of these non-GAAP financial measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies, thereby diminishing their utility.

DIRTT is Transforming Interior Construction



DIRTT offers prefabricated interior solutions, reconfigurable to client needs.

Solutions span drywall alternatives, glass partitions, casework, power, networks, floors, and more.

Proprietary ICE[®] Software drives end-to-end implementation, real-time design, pricing, and manufacturing with 3D visualization for live collaboration.

Capturing Opportunities Across Multiple Growth Markets

Workplace

In the Workplace, DIRTT provides premium, flexible solutions that adapt to evolving needs



Healthcare

Healthcare spaces cannot afford disruptive construction cycles or downtime in mission-critical spaces



Education

Education providers are looking for integrated technologies and adaptability



Public Sector

Flexible, future-proof solutions for Public Sector as governments modernize infrastructure and prioritize sustainability



JPMorganChase

ExxonMobil

Google

VISA

EmblemHealth

CardinalHealth™

Jefferson Health.

AllinaHealth

Weill Cornell Medicine

DOUGLAS

Oregon State University

Berkeley UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA

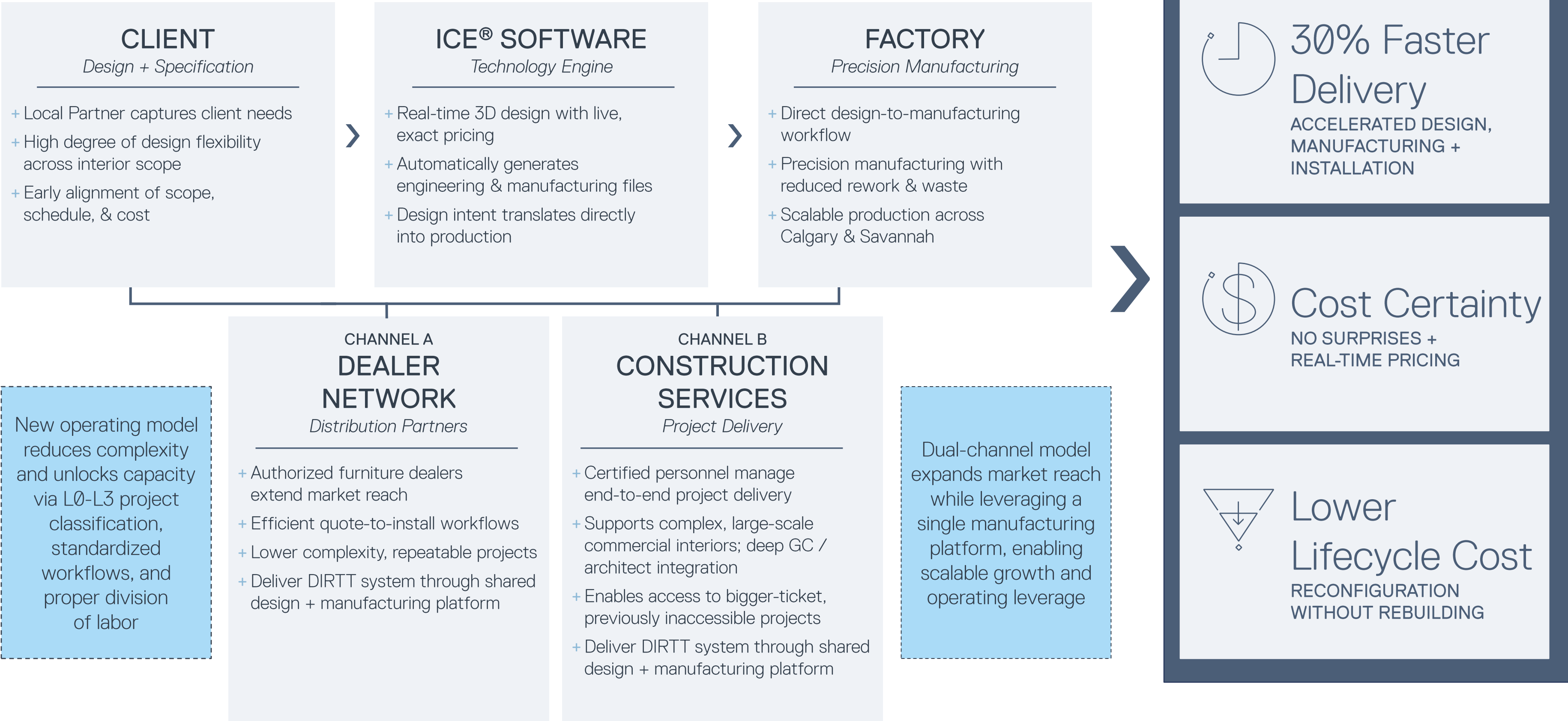
CPP Investments

GSA

U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs

VA

How DIRTT Works



Addressable Market Opportunity

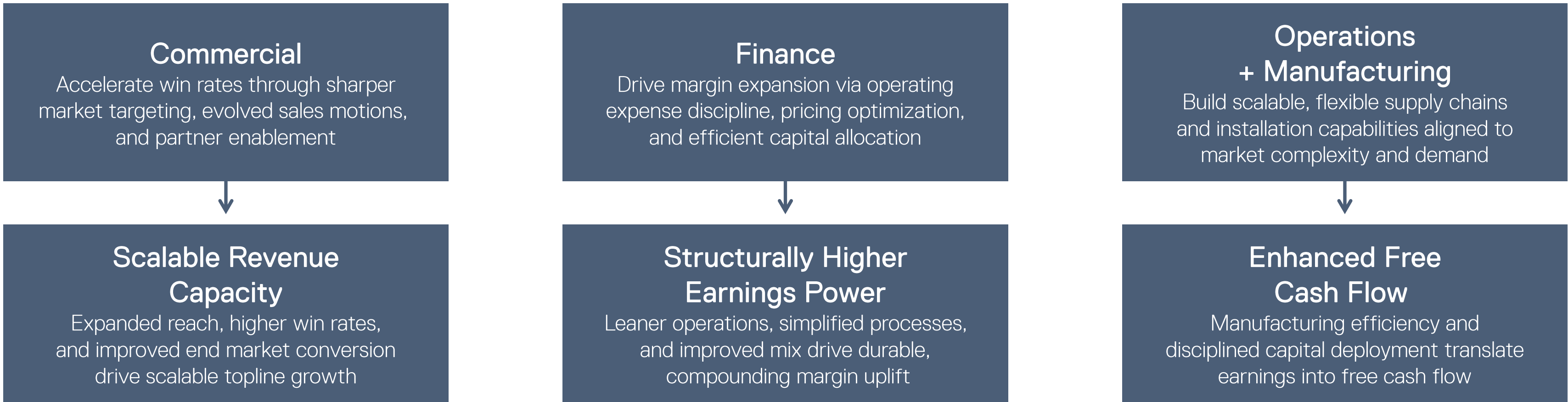
1	RELEVANT CONSTRUCTION SPEND, FY2025-FY2029 Healthcare: Commercial / Office: Education: Total: \$69B SAAR * 5 = \$345B \$122B SAAR * 5 = \$610B \$140B SAAR * 5 = \$700B \$1.7T PUBLIC DATA <td> North America Demountable System SAM: ~\$7B FY2025 - FY2029 cumulative </td>	North America Demountable System SAM: ~\$7B FY2025 - FY2029 cumulative
2	BUILDER WORKS SHARE OF TOTAL FIT-OUT COST Builder Works (Incl. Walls & Partitions) = North America Average Fit-out: Interior walls & partitions ≈ → Blended wall-spend share ≈ Doors, frames & openings ≈ → Blended door-spend share ≈ 37% of fit-out cost globally \$3,070/sqm (~\$285/sq ft) ~8 - 11% of builder works ~3 - 4% of total construction outlay ~3 - 5% of builder works ~1 - 2% of total construction outlay PUBLIC DATA + INDUSTRY ESTIMATES <td> DIRTT 2025 Product Revenue: ~\$164M (~12% of implied per annum SAM – significant white space and growth opportunity) </td>	DIRTT 2025 Product Revenue: ~\$164M (~12% of implied per annum SAM – significant white space and growth opportunity)
3	DEMOUNTABLE SYSTEMS AS SHARE OF INTERIOR WALL SPEND Include partitions plus integrated door / opening packages Priced at a premium due to incremental value from integrated doors, hardware, and flexibility → system-level specification vs. standalone component pricing Demountable systems, including doors ≈ 10-12% of interior-wall spend; ~8-9% when expanded to walls + doors MGMT ASSUMPTION <td> Market CAGR: 5%+ (IMARC; industry estimates) </td>	Market CAGR: 5%+ (IMARC; industry estimates)
4	IMPLIED DEMOUNTABLE SYSTEMS TAM \$1.7T * (3% walls + 1% doors) ≈ \$68B addressable interior systems \$68B * ~8.5% system share ≈ \$5.8B + ~20% Renovation / Retrofit ≈ \$7B OR \$1.4B per annum on average MGMT ASSUMPTION <td></td>	

Strategic Transformation Framework

FOUNDATION



EXECUTION + VALUE CREATION



ENABLEMENT

- | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|
| ✓ Manufacturing Efficiency | ✓ Process Standardization | ✓ Partner Enablement | ✓ Product Mix Optimization |
| ✓ Operating Expense Discipline | ✓ Channel Expansion | ✓ Capacity Unlock | ✓ Working Capital Efficiency |

Financial Highlights





Q1 Financial Highlights

Adj. EBITDA¹

Adjusted EBITDA¹ of \$1.4M (3.3% of revenue) compared to \$2.1M (5.1% of revenue) in Q1 2025, reflecting lower AGP, which was only partially offset by lower operating expenses

Adj. Gross Profit Margins¹

- + 32.9% of revenue Q1 2026 vs 37.5% Q1 2025
- + Decrease reflects rising aluminum input costs, lower installation margins, and the period effect of tariffs

Strong Balance Sheet

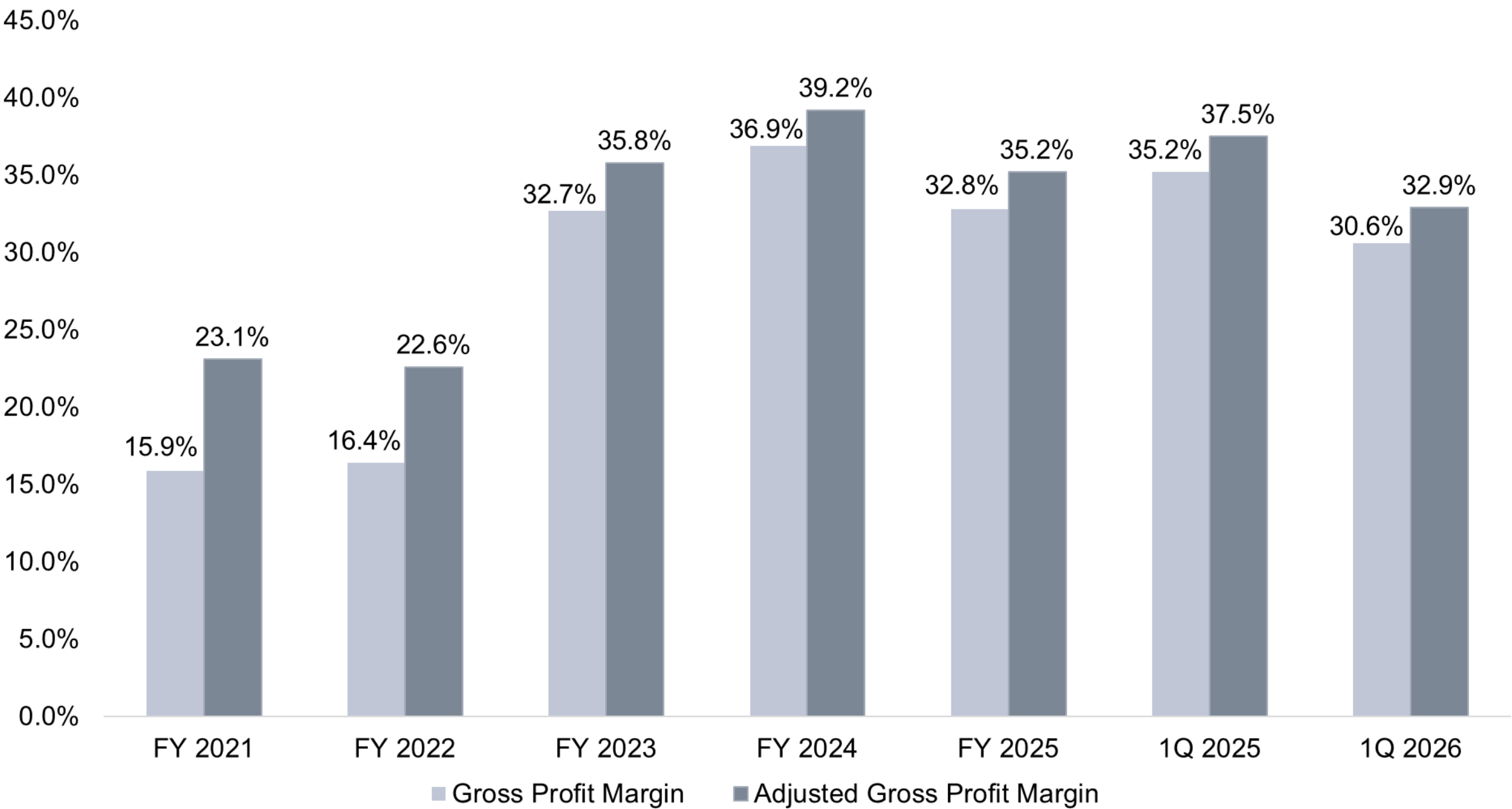
Closed with \$25.1M of liquidity at March 31, 2026, providing flexibility to support operations and ongoing transformation initiatives

Transformation

- + Cost optimization remains a primary value-creation lever, with benefits not yet fully reflected in US GAAP financials
- + These actions are expected to contribute to structurally higher earnings power as initiatives mature and evolve

¹See Non-GAAP Financial Measures on Slide 3 and a reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures on Slide 16

Gross Profit Margin + Adjusted Gross Profit Margin¹

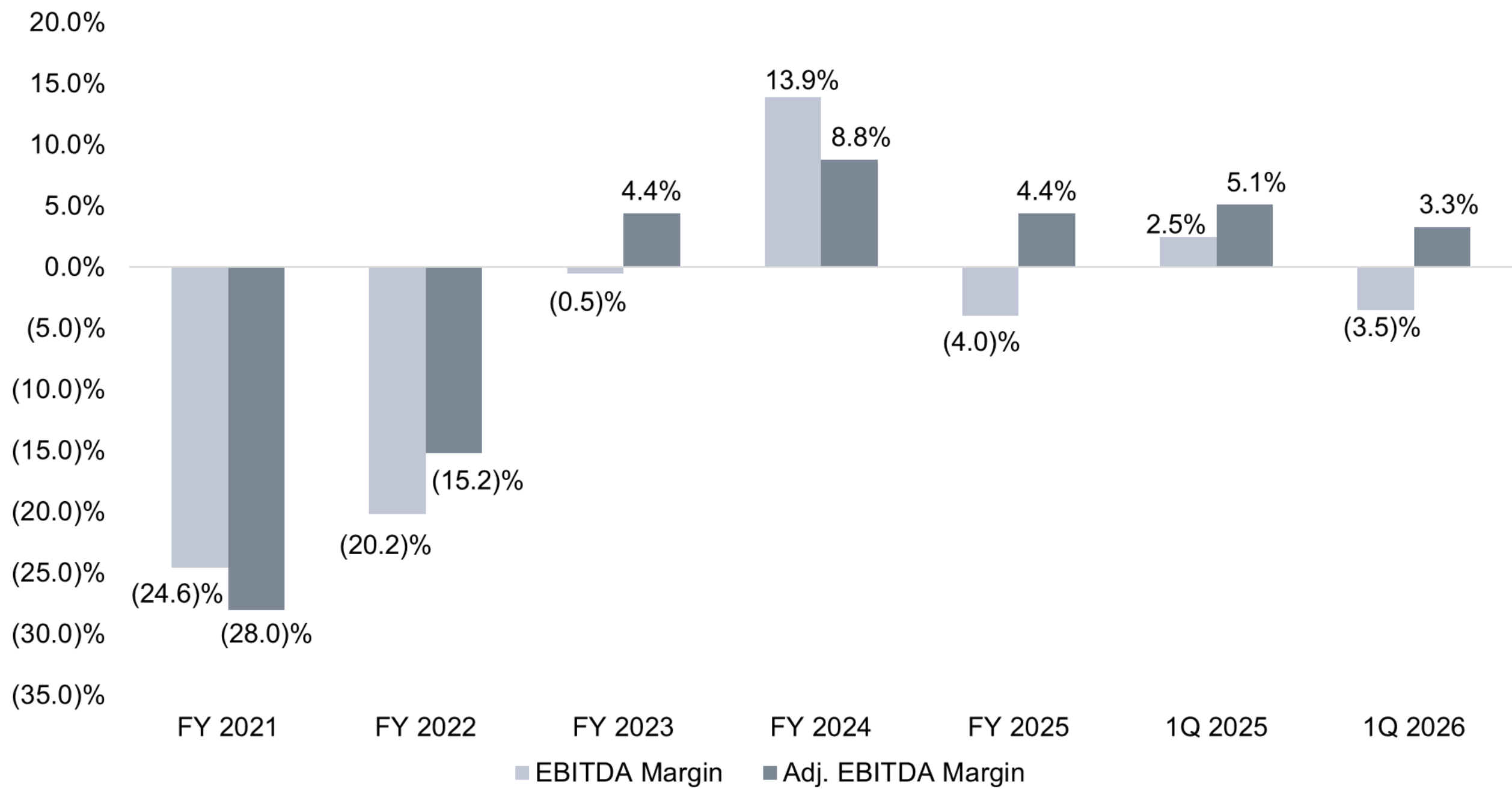


First Quarter 2026 Highlights

- + Adjusted Gross Profit Margin¹ of 32.9%, reflecting year-over-year pressure from macroeconomic and input cost headwinds
- + Margins compressed in the quarter; however, mitigation actions are underway and certain cost pressures may moderate
- + The remainder of FY 2026 is expected to benefit from higher volumes and manufacturing efficiencies, supporting margin stabilization against rising raw material inputs

¹See Non-GAAP Financial Measures on Slide 3 and a reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures on Slide 16

Earnings Power - EBITDA Margin + Adjusted EBITDA Margin¹



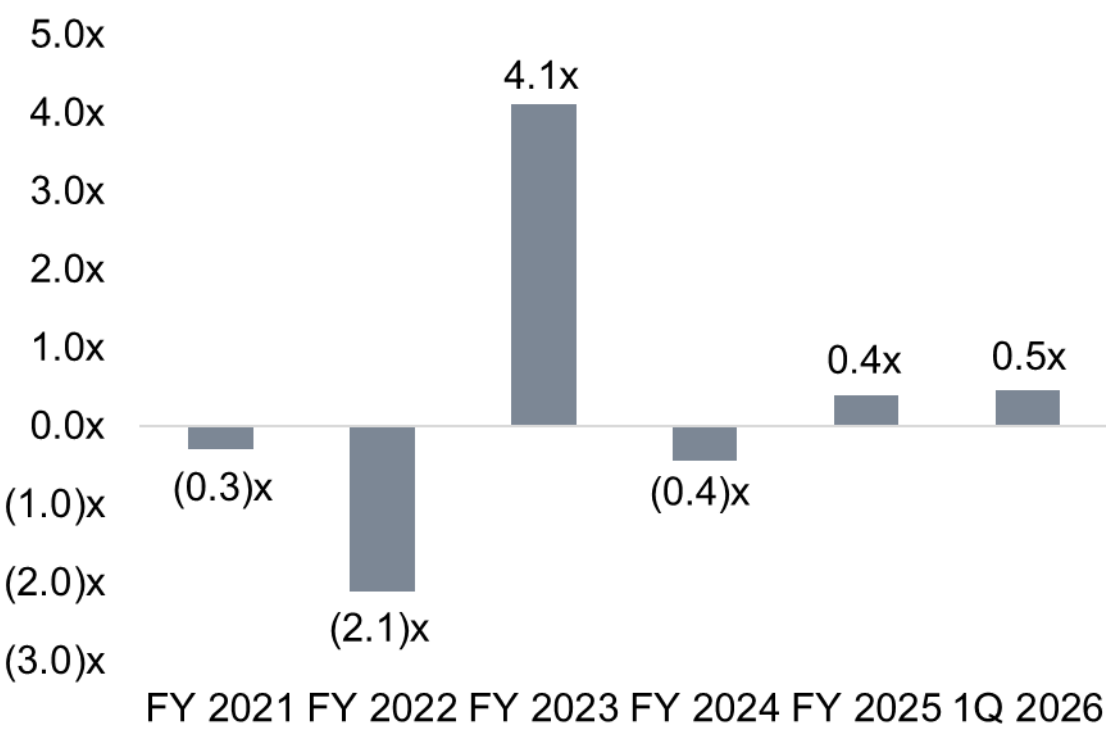
First Quarter 2026 Highlights

- + Adjusted EBITDA¹ margin decreased modestly, as COGS pressures exceeded operating expense reductions
- + Enterprise-wide transformation initiatives have added operating leverage and capacity, with limited translation into reported results to date
- + On a pro forma basis, earnings power is expected to better reflect recent cost optimization efforts as volumes scale

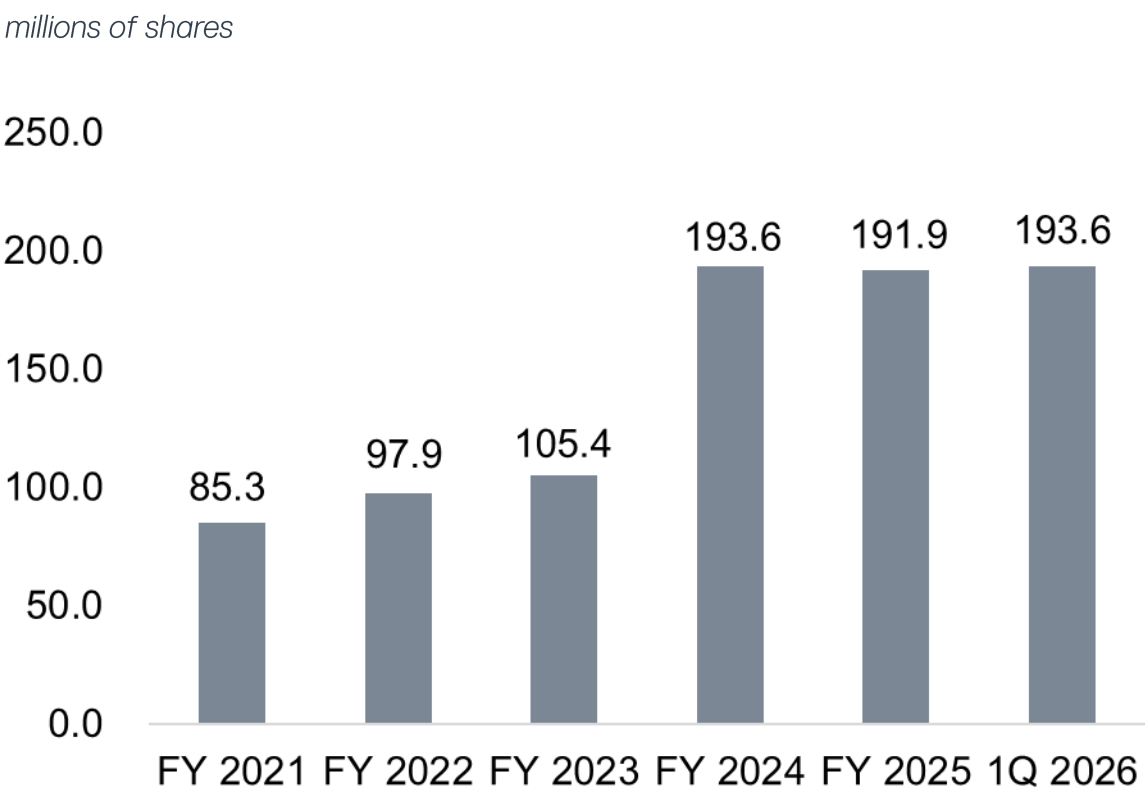
¹ See Non-GAAP Financial Measures on Slide 3 and a reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures on Slide 16

Capital Structure + Allocation

NET LEVERAGE¹



COMMON SHARE COUNT²



Fourth Quarter 2025 Highlights

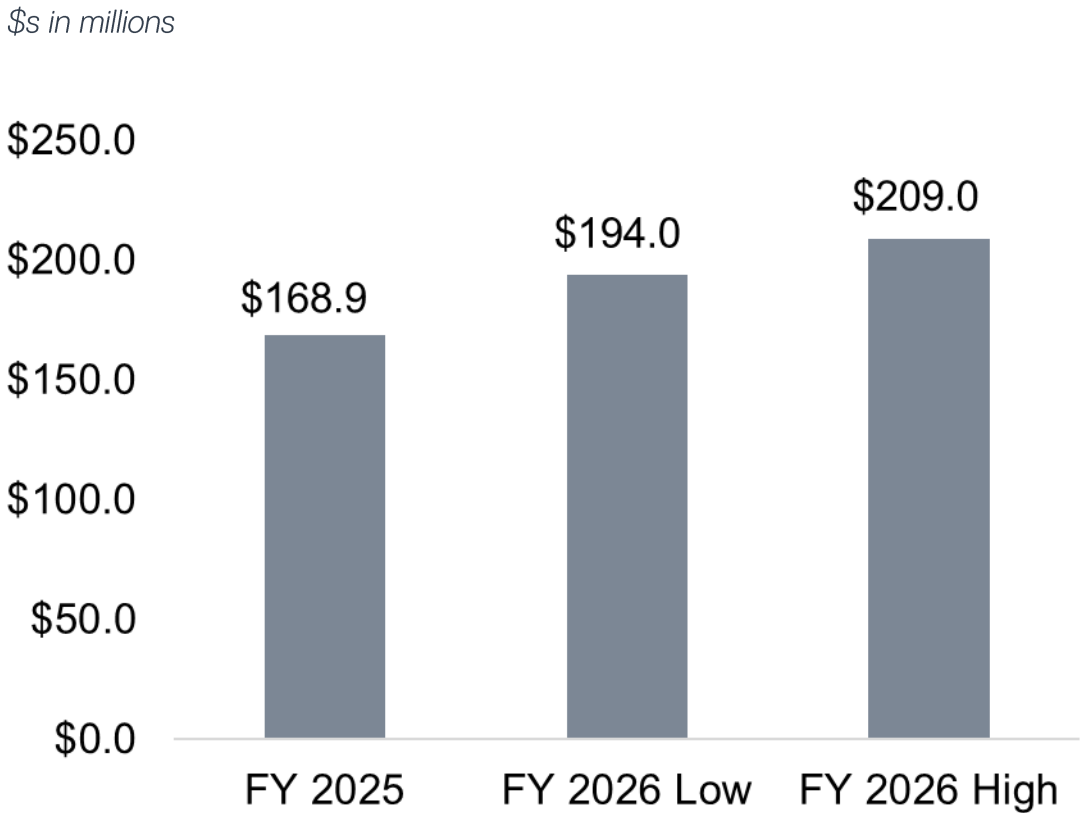
- + Net Leverage¹ has stepped down from its peak of 4 turns in FY 2023, and may decrease further with growth in earnings power (as implied by FY 26 guidance)
- + Company continues to optimize its capital structure via cost of capital reduction (e.g., BDC facility)
- + DIRTT remains committed to reducing its share count via opportunistic share repurchases
 - + Capital allocation priority
 - + To be funded through free cash flow

¹ Net Leverage equals gross funded debt less unrestricted cash divided by Adjusted EBITDA. Gross funded debt equals total principal outstanding of each of the January Debentures, December Debentures, BDC loan, Canadian Equipment Facilities, and US Equipment Facilities. See Non-GAAP Financial Measures on Slide 3 and a reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures on Slide 16.

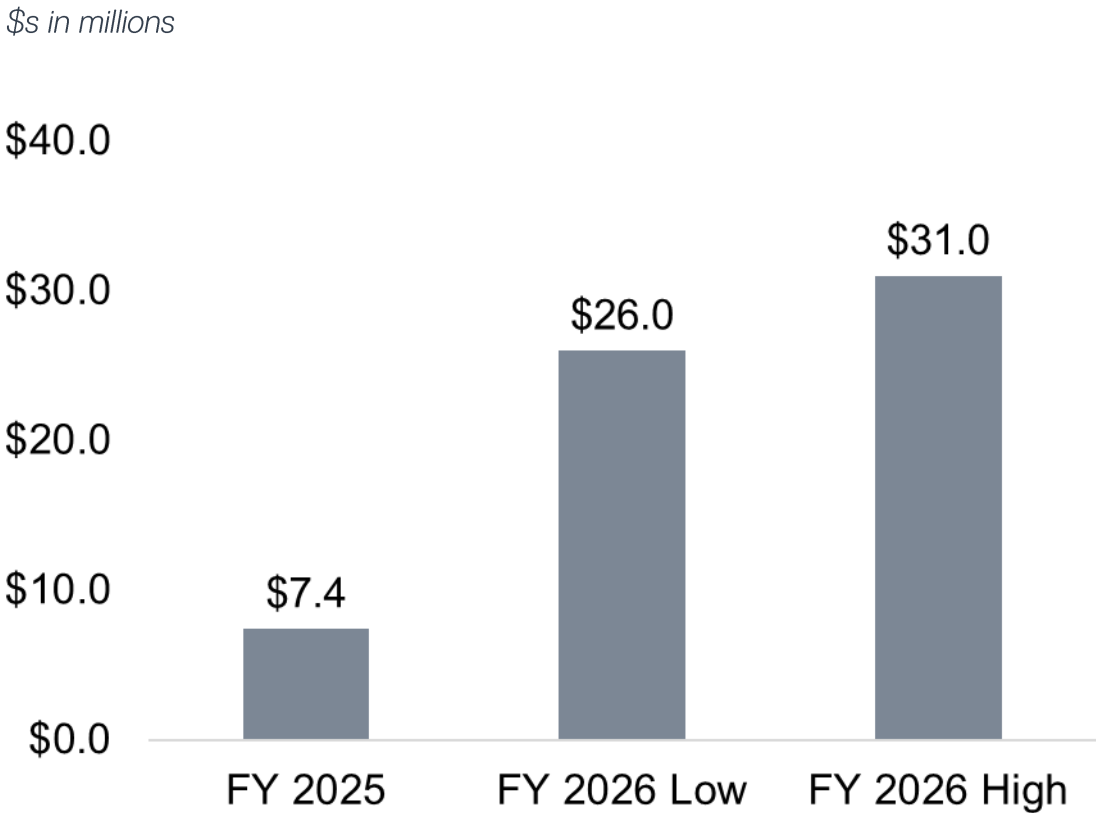
² The outstanding common share balance as of March 31, 2026 was 193,609,054. The outstanding common share balance as of April 27, 2026 was 193,680,944.

FY 2026 Financial Guidance

REVENUE (E)



ADJ. EBITDA (E)¹



Transformation

- + Guidance reflects operational improvements associated with manufacturing best-practice adoption, an optimized operating model, and strengthened commercial execution
- + Structural, long-term potential exists to expand revenue capacity and earnings power as operating initiatives mature and scale
- + Guidance reflects management’s current assessment of macroeconomic conditions and underlying business fundamentals; actual results may differ, as conditions evolve

¹ See Non-GAAP Financial Measures on Slide 3 and a reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures on Slide 16

Supplementary



Liquidity + Additional Financial Highlights

(\$ millions)	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
Cash and cash equivalents	15.0	20.3
Restricted cash	0.2	0.2
Trade and accrued receivables, net	23.8	22.4
Other receivables	0.7	0.7
Inventory	14.9	15.8
Prepays and other current assets	2.5	3.0
Total non-current assets	38.0	40.1
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	21.0	19.4
Other current liabilities	5.6	5.4
Customer deposits and deferred revenue	5.2	3.5
Current portion of long-term debt	12.4	23.2
Current portion of lease liability	5.2	5.2
Long-term debt and lease liabilities ¹	21.3	17.2
Working capital	7.7	5.6
Non-cash working capital	(7.5)	(14.9)

¹Long term portions of lease liabilities and debt.

- + Total liquidity of \$25.1M at March 31, 2026 (\$15.0M of unrestricted cash and \$10.1M liquidity available under asset backed credit facility).
- + Decreased current portion of long-term debt due to repayment of convertible debentures in January 2026. Increase in long-term debt due to receipt of BDC loan in Q1 2026.
- + Cash flows provided by operating activities of \$1.2M in Q1 2026 vs \$4.3M used in Q4 2025.
- + Days Sales Outstanding (DSO): 40
- + Days Payable Outstanding (DPO): 41

FINANCIAL RESULTS

Summary of Consolidated Financial Results

For the period ended March 31 (\$ thousands, except per share amounts)	Three Months		
	2026	2025	% Change
Revenue	42.4	41.3	3%
Gross profit	13.0	14.5	(11%)
Gross profit margin	30.6%	35.2%	
Adjusted Gross Profit ¹	13.9	15.5	(10%)
Adjusted Gross Profit Margin ¹	32.9%	37.5%	
Operating expenses	16.3	14.9	9%
Operating expenses %	38.3%	36.0%	
Operating (loss) income	(3.3)	(0.3)	914%
Adjusted EBITDA ¹	1.4	2.1	(33%)
Adjusted EBITDA Margin ¹	3.3%	5.1%	
Net loss after tax	(3.3)	(0.7)	395%
Net loss after tax per share - basic and diluted	(0.02)	(0.00)	100%
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	1.2	3.7	(67%)
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(0.7)	(0.7)	0%
Net cash flows used in financing activities	(5.7)	(3.6)	58%
Net decrease in cash flows	(5.3)	(0.8)	530%

¹ See Non-GAAP Financial Measures on Slide 3 and a reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures on Slide 16

FINANCIAL RESULTS

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	Q1 2025	Q1 2026
(\$ in millions)							
Gross profit	23.5	28.2	59.5	64.4	55.4	14.5	13.0
Gross profit margin	15.9%	16.4%	32.7%	36.9%	32.8%	35.2%	30.6%
Add: Depreciation and amortization expense	8.8	10.8	5.5	4.0	4.0	1.0	0.9
Add: Costs of under-utilized capacity	1.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adjusted Gross Profit ⁽¹⁾	34.0	38.9	65.1	68.3	59.5	15.5	13.9
Adjusted Gross Profit Margin ⁽¹⁾	23.1%	22.6%	35.8%	39.2%	35.2%	37.5%	32.9%
Net (loss) income after tax for the period	(53.7)	(55.0)	(14.6)	14.8	(14.4)	(0.7)	(3.3)
Add back (deduct):							
Interest expense	3.1	5.2	4.9	4.0	1.9	0.5	0.4
Interest income	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.5)	(1.6)	(0.9)	(0.3)	(0.1)
Income tax expense	(0.2)	0.0	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.0	0.1
Depreciation and amortization	14.5	15.1	8.9	6.6	6.2	1.5	1.4
EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	(36.3)	(34.7)	(0.9)	24.2	(6.8)	1.1	(1.5)
EBITDA Margin ⁽¹⁾	(24.6)%	(20.2)%	(0.5)%	13.9%	(4.0)%	2.5%	(3.5)%
Foreign exchange (gain) loss	0.3	(1.4)	0.6	(3.0)	1.7	0.1	0.9
Stock-based compensation	4.7	4.3	2.3	3.0	3.0	0.7	2.4
Government subsidies	(11.5)	(7.8)	(0.2)	-	-	-	-
Related party expense	-	-	1.5	-	-	-	-
Reorganization expense	-	13.5	3.0	1.1	4.9	0.2	(0.3)
Gain on extinguishment of convertible debentures ⁽⁴⁾	-	-	-	(10.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	-
Impairment charge ⁽³⁾	1.4	-	8.7	0.5	2.9	-	-
Legal provision ⁽⁵⁾	-	-	-	-	2.0	-	-
Phoenix sublease write-off ⁽⁶⁾	-	-	-	-	0.5	-	-
Gain on disposal of lease ⁽³⁾	-	-	-	-	(0.9)	-	-
Gain on sale of software and patents ⁽²⁾	-	-	(7.1)	-	-	-	-
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	(41.3)	(26.2)	7.9	15.4	7.4	2.1	1.4
Adjusted EBITDA Margin ⁽¹⁾	(28.0)%	(15.2)%	4.4%	8.8%	4.4%	5.1%	3.3%

1. See “Non-GAAP Financial Measures” on Slide 3
2. DIRTT entered into a joint arrangement with Armstrong World Industries, Inc. for co-ownership of certain intellectual property interest in DIRTT’s ICE® software. This is not core to our business; and therefore, is excluded from the Adjusted EBITDA calculation
3. On September 27, 2023, DIRTT announced the permanent closure of the Rock Hill facility. With sufficient capacity for current and expected production, the decision is part of the Company’s ongoing focus on realigning the organization, driving efficiency, and improving profitability. In 2025, an impairment charge on the leasehold improvements related to the Rock Hill facility was incurred, a gain on disposal of lease due to early termination, as well as an impairment charge on a portion of our Phoenix Facility right-of-use assets. This is not core to our business; and therefore, is excluded from the Adjusted EBITDA calculation
4. On August 28, 2024, the Company commenced a normal course issuer bid (the “Debentures NCIB”) for the Debentures which expired August 27, 2025. On August 26, 2025, the Company announced the renewal of the Debentures NCIB which commenced on August 28, 2025 upon expiry of the original normal course issuer bid (the "Renewed NCIB"). The Renewed NCIB for the December Debentures is expected to terminate on August 27, 2026 and the Renewed NCIB for the January Debentures is expected to terminate on January 31, 2026, concurrent with the maturity day of the January Debentures. This is not core to our business; and therefore, is excluded from the Adjusted EBITDA calculation
5. A legal provision was recognized in 2025 related to the cost of a potential settlement on an ongoing discussion with the U.S. Department of Justice. This is not core to our business; and therefore, is excluded from the Adjusted EBITDA calculation
6. During the fourth quarter of 2025, a sublease was terminated related to part of the Phoenix Facility, resulting in a bad debt expense. This is not core to our business; and therefore, is excluded from the Adjusted EBITDA calculation

